## **Integration One**

- 1. The graph of y = f(x) passes through the point  $(\frac{\pi}{9}, 1)$ . If  $f'(x) = \sin(3x)$  express y in terms of x.
- 2. Find  $\int \frac{(x^2-2)(x^2+2)}{x^2} dx$ ,  $x \neq 0$ .
- A point moves in a straight line such that its acceleration a is given by  $a = 2(4-t)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ ,  $0 \le t \le 4$ . If it starts at rest, find an expression for the velocity v where  $a = \frac{dv}{dt}$ .

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- A curve for which  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3\sin(2x)$  passes through the point  $\left(\frac{5\pi}{12}, \sqrt{3}\right)$ . Find y in terms of x.
- 5. Find  $\int \frac{1}{(7-3x)^2} dx$ .
- 6. Find  $\int \sqrt{1+3x} \, dx$  and hence find the exact value of  $\int_0^1 \sqrt{1+3x} \, dx$ .
- 7. Find  $\int \frac{1}{(7-3x)^2} dx$ .
- 8. (a) By writing  $\sin 3x$  as  $\sin(2x + x)$ , show that  $\sin 3x = 3\sin x 4\sin^3 x$ .
  - (b) Hence find  $\int \sin^3 x \, dx$ .

9. Differentiate  $\sin^3 x$  with respect to x. Hence find  $\int \sin^2 x \cos x \, dx$ .

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10. Evaluate  $\int_{-3}^{0} (2x+3)^2 dx$ .

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